Project: ANTINOMOS

Report on Indigenous Technologies

Case No: 6

Step 1 – Description

- 1. Name of Technology to be evaluated: Lime treated Drinking Water
- 2. Location where technology is being evaluated: Parwada and Gorimja (Jamnagar).
- 3. Number of people approximately being served by the technology: 1200
- 4. Since when it is in operation? It is an ancient technology.
- 5. Who Designed / Planned and who implemented / constructed the technology?
- : Mr. Sureshbhai Ghanshyambhai Sidhpura and Mr. Dalipbhai Desai (Parwada) and Mr. Veerjangbhai Jethabhai Manak and Mr. Jaidevbhai Kera (Gorimja).
- 6. Who is taking care of the technology now? Owner of the tank.
- 7. Are there any standards available which need to be fulfilled by the technology? If yes which? Drinking water.
- 8. Are operations and maintenance data records available? No.
- 9. Please provide a brief summary of the history/evolution of this technology in the selected case study:

It may be a matter of wonder for many that the water of rainy season could last for the summer of next year for drinking purpose when the water stored from the bore well for even a week is no longer potable. But it is very much practiced in many Indian villages. This indigenous technology dates back many hundreds years ago when people used to do water harvesting for their needs by digging underground tanks, wells, *bawari*, *etc*. Lime too was used by them for water treatment. Earlier, people used earthen pots filled with lime and cover their mouths with a piece of cloth. They then used to put the earthen pots in tank and lime, in this way, used to leach out slowly and thus purify the water. The method adopted today by some people is that they put 3-4 packets of lime weighing 1-2 kilogram each depending upon the size of underground tank. These packets are lightly pierced so that lime leaches out slowly from them. These packets may be replaced by fresher ones for more effectiveness and sometimes chlorine too is used for the same.

Brief technical description of technology:

The current method through which water treatment is done is:

As shown in the Fig.1, the roof area is thoroughly cleaned up. In places where the roof slope is lined with open pipes, slightly slanted to carry the water from the rains on the roof into a small square cistern. This cistern is so made that the dirt in the rainwater gets settled here and then the additional water is allowed to flow into a bigger underground tank. The size of tank depends upon the family requirement as well as the quantity of rain in that area.

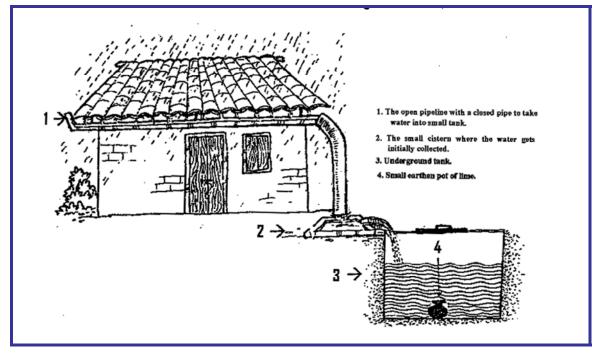


Fig 1. Sketch of lime treated drinking water storage method.

(In Fig.1, number 1 show open pipeline with a closed pipe to take water into small tank; 2 shows the small cistern where the water gets collected initially; 3 shows the underground tank; and 4 shows small earthen pot of lime). Besides, some initial water is allowed to flow off so that the dirt carried by the first sweep of water does not get into the underground tank. All care is taken to get clean water. This water remains potable for at least first 3 to 4 months.

Cleanliness and Consumption:

Only a clean bucket is used to draw water from the tank. When not in use, the tank is kept closed with an air tight lid. And most of the tanks are fitted with small hand pumps for fetching water so as to prevent the tank water from contamination. Before the first rain arrives, the tank is thoroughly cleaned and its walls are whitewashed. That is why, in earlier times, people used lime in case the tank water is contaminated and began to reuse the water after three days. Due to this earthen pot of lime kept at the base of tank, the rain water remains clean up to 6 to 8 months and can be used both by people and cattle for drinking purpose. Since the pot, covered with a piece of cloth, is made of clay so due to its properties the lime keeps leaching out of pot in a very uniform manner slowly out in the water and keeps the water potable and disease free even if more water is added regularly. Now of course after being emptied, the tank is filled up with sweet water from tankers. This has put an end to the burden of collecting water every day and provides with enough free time to indulge in other productive activities.



Step 2 – Evaluation

Date of visit: December 21st to December 28th, 2008.

Name of the expert(s) making the visit: Dr Suboodh Kumar Bishnoi

1. Preliminary performance indicators for accessing whether the intended direct benefits have been fulfilled:

Intended Benefit	Indicator	Method of Verification
Drinking water		
Technical functioning	Performance in last 10-15	Experts visit
	years	
Acceptance by local		
community		

Unintended Benefit	Indicator	Method of verification
Family health improvement	Less water borne diseases	
Ecologically beneficial as ground water level has come up		

2. Results of Assessment:

Intended Benefit	Indicator	Fulfilled	Comments (with reference to the used
		Yes/no	indicators)
Drinking water		Yes	
Technical	Yes		System is working extremely well
functioning			
Acceptance by the	Yes		Users are mainly satisfied with the
local community			system and consider it a success.
Water		Yes	
conservation			

Comments from the local peoples:

User Group	Results/ Comments
1. Mr. Sureshbhai Ghanshyambhai Sidhpura (26 Years), Image Parwada, DisttJamnagar.	It is a beneficial technology which caters to our drinking water requirements We do not have the extremely expensive machines in vogue today for treating drinking water. So you could call it a poor man's way of treating drinking water and removing impurities and contaminations from it. We are satisfied with the results till now as we have been using this method since we our self were children.
 Mr. Dalipbhai Desai (46 Years) Image Parwada, DisttJamnagar. 	This traditional water harvesting system and water treatment method is an excellent technology as it provides us with good quality hygienic water compared to the other sources which are getting more and more polluted due to industrial and other types of pollution, etc.
3. Mrs. Manuben	This is a cheaper as well as better way to store drinking
Chhagani (47 years)	water in a hygienic manner. It fulfills our household requirements very effectively. There is lesser risk of water-borne diseases particularly for our children who are more susceptible to them.
 4. Mr. Veerjangbhai Jethabhai Manak (45 Years) Village-Gorimja, TalukaDawarika Distt Jamnagar. 	This is a very beneficial technology providing us good quality water during the water scarcity period. The storage capacity can increase according to the family requirements as in that case a bigger tank can be constructed. Only care should be taken to keep it properly cleaned and not to let impure water enter the tank. Besides, this way traditional water harvesting structures too are getting built more and more.
5. Mr. Jaidevbhai	This is a very useful technique. The best part is it is very

Kera (54 Years) Image Gorimja, TalukaDawarika Distt Jamnagar.	easy to maintain also. We only have to take care that our roof-tops remain clean and we can get hygienic water for us and our family members.
6. Mr. Maheshbhai Bhikabhai Patel (40 years). Image Gorimja, TalukaDawarika Distt Jamnagar.	We are very satisfied with this technology. It provides us with quite good quality water. We avoid storing the water of the very first rain of the season because the water is not usable from drinking point of view. In case of our kids getting sick, we start boiling the water before using it. Otherwise, it is fit to drink.

Summary of User Perceptions

Both Individual Interviews and group Discussions

Questions (**Q**):

S.	User Name	Questions	Results/ Comments
No.			
1.	Mr. Sureshbhai Ghanshyambhai Sidhpura (26 Years), Village-Parwada, DisttJamnagar.	Q1: Are You Happy with the technology? IF Yes why, if no why not?	It is a beneficial technology which caters to our drinking water requirements We do not have the extremely expensive machines in vogue today for treating drinking water. So you could call it a poor man's way of treating drinking water and removing impurities and contaminations from it. We are satisfied with the results till now as we have been using this method since we our self were children.
		Q2: Are you using the technology	Yes
		(regularly)?	
		Q3: Is there anything which may	No
		prevent you from using the	
		technology (regularly), if yes what?	~
		Q4: Is there anything which you	Care should be taken to
		may not like with the technology or which could be improved (if yes,	avoid the water of
		what and how)?	initial rains of the
		what and now).	season as it is not fit to
			consume.
		Q5: Do you have equal access?	Basically, it is a
			personal tank for each
			family attached with
			their own houses.

		Q6: Are you aware of any misuse	No
		of the service?	
2.	Mr. Dalipbhai	Q1: Are You Happy with the	This traditional water
۷.	Desai (46 Years)		harvesting system and
		technology? IF Yes why, if no why	water treatment method
		not?	is an excellent
	The 25 m		technology as it
	1 - Barris		provides us with good quality hygienic water
			compared to the other
			sources which are
	Village-Parwada,		getting more and more
	DisttJamnagar.		polluted due to
			industrial and other types of pollution, etc.
		Q2: Are you using the technology	Yes
		(regularly)?	
		Q3: Is there anything which may	No
		prevent you from using the	110
		technology (regularly), if yes what?	
		Q4: Is there anything which you	Proper care should be
		may not like with the technology	taken to keep the roof
		or which could be improved (if yes,	top and underground tank clean.
		what and how)?	
		Q5: Do you have equal access?	Each family has its
			-
			own.
		Q6: Are you aware of any misuse	No
		of the service?	
3.	Mrs. Manuben	Q1: Are You Happy with the	This is a cheaper as
	Chhagani (47 years)	technology? IF Yes why, if no why	well as better way to
		not?	store drinking water in
	an / 200 -		a hygienic manner. It
			fulfills our household
			requirements very
			effectively. There is
	Village-Parwada, DisttJunagarh.		lesser risk of water-
	Dist. Juliagaili.		

			borne diseases
			particularly for our
			children who are more
			susceptible to them. It
			is not expensive for a
			poor family.
		Q2: Are you using the technology	Yes
		(regularly)?	
		Q3: Is there anything which may	No
		prevent you from using the	
		technology (regularly), if yes what?	
		Q4: Is there anything which you	No
		may not like with the technology	
		or which could be improved (if yes,	
		what and how)?	
		Q5: Do you have equal access?	Yes. Every family has
			got their own.
		Q6: Are you aware of any misuse	No
		of the service?	
4.	Mr. Veerjangbhai	Q1: Are You Happy with the	This is a very beneficial
	Jethabhai Manak	technology? IF Yes why, if no why	technology providing
	(45 Years)	not?	us good quality water
			during the water
	Village-Gorimja,		scarcity period. The
	TalukaDawarika		storage capacity can
	Distt Jamnagar.		increase according to
			C
			the family requirements
			as in that case a bigger
			tank can be
			constructed. Besides,
			this way traditional
			water harvesting

			structures too are
			getting built more and
			more
		Q2: Are you using the technology	Yes
		(regularly)?	
		Q3: Is there anything which may	No
		prevent you from using the	
		technology (regularly), if yes what?	
		Q4: Is there anything which you	Only care should be
		may not like with the technology	taken to keep it
		or which could be improved (if yes,	properly cleaned and
		what and how)?	not to let impure water
			enter the tank.
		Q5: Do you have equal access?	Yes
		Q6: Are you aware of any misuse	No
		of the service?	
5.	Mr. Jaidevbhai	Q1: Are You Happy with the	This is a very useful
	Kera (54 Years)	technology? IF Yes why, if no why	technique. The best part
		not?	is it is very easy to
	Geo		maintain also. We only
	13		have to take care that
			our roof-tops remain
			clean and we can get
	Village-Gorimja, TalukaDawarika		hygienic water for us
	Distt Jamnagar.		and our family
			members.
		Q2: Are you using the technology	Yes
		(regularly)?	
		Q3: Is there anything which may	No
		prevent you from using the	
		technology (regularly), if yes what?	
		Q4: Is there anything which you	No

		may not like with the technolog	av.
		or which could be improved (if ye	ts,
		what and how)?	
		Q5: Do you have equal access?	Yes
		Q6: Are you aware of any misu	se No
		of the service?	
6.	Mr. Maheshbhai	Q1: Are You Happy with the	We are very satisfied
	Bhikabhai Patel (40 years).	technology? IF Yes why, if no	with this technology. It provides us with quite
		why not?	good quality water. We
			avoid storing the water
			of the very first rain of the season because the
			water is not usable
			from drinking point of
			view. In today's time
	Villaga Corimia		with so many types of pollution, this is an
	Village-Gorimja, TalukaDawarika		excellent source to
	Distt Jamnagar.		remain free of at least
			water pollution.
		Q2: Are you using the	Yes
		technology (regularly)?	100
		Q3: Is there anything which	No
		may prevent you from using	
		the technology (regularly), if	
		yes what?	
		Q4: Is there anything which	In case of our kids getting
		you may not like with the	sick, we start boiling the
		technology or which could be	water before using it.
		improved (if yes, what and	Otherwise, it is fit to drink.
		how)?	·
		Q5: Do you have equal access?	Yes
		Q6: Are you aware of any	No.
		misuse of the service?	